Information For the Use Cefepime (1000mg) + Tazobactum (125mg)

Tillpime TZ Injection

Cefepime (1000mg) + Tazobactam (125mg) Injection – Comprehensive Guide

Introduction

Cefepime (1000mg) + Tazobactam (125mg)
Injection is a **broad-spectrum antibiotic** used to treat severe **bacterial infections** caused by drugresistant pathogens. This **combination therapy** enhances the effectiveness of cefepime, a fourthgeneration **cephalosporin**, by including tazobactam, a **beta-lactamase inhibitor** that prevents bacterial resistance. It is administered **intravenously (IV) or intramuscularly (IM)** under medical supervision.

Composition & Mechanism of Action

- Cefepime (1000mg) A fourth-generation cephalosporin that disrupts bacterial cell wall synthesis, leading to cell death. It is effective against Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria, including drug-resistant strains.
- Tazobactam (125mg) A beta-lactamase inhibitor that protects cefepime from degradation by beta-lactamase enzymes produced by resistant bacteria. This extends the antibiotic's spectrum of activity.

Indications (Uses)

This injection is prescribed for the treatment of:

- Severe respiratory infections (pneumonia, bronchitis)
- Urinary tract infections (UTIs), including complicated and drug-resistant cases
- Intra-abdominal infections, including peritonitis
- Skin and soft tissue infections
- Septicemia (blood infections)
- **Neutropenic fever** (infections in immunocompromised patients)
- Complicated gynecological infections

Dosage & Administration

- Administered intravenously (IV) over 30-60 minutes or intramuscularly (IM) as per physician's instructions
- Standard adult dosage: 1-2g of cefepime every 8-12 hours, depending on the severity of the infection
- Dosage adjustments required for patients with renal impairment
- Treatment duration: Typically 7-14 days, depending on the infection type and response to therapy

Precautions & Warnings

- Allergic Reactions: Patients with a history of penicillin or cephalosporin allergy should use caution
- **Renal Impairment:** Dose adjustment is required for patients with **kidney disease**
- Liver Function Monitoring: Regular liver function tests are recommended for prolonged
- Superinfections: Prolonged use may cause secondary infections, such as Clostridium difficile-associated diarrhea
- Use in Pregnancy & Lactation: Should be used only if clearly needed, under medical supervision

Side Effects

Common Side Effects:

- Injection site reactions (pain, redness, swelling)
- Nausea, vomiting, or diarrhea
- Headache and dizziness
- Mild skin rashes

Serious Side Effects (Seek Medical Attention):

- Severe allergic reactions (anaphylaxis, swelling of the face/tongue)
- Clostridium difficile-associated diarrhea
- Seizures (in patients with renal impairment or high doses)
- · Unusual bleeding or bruising

Drug Interactions

- Aminoglycosides: Increased risk of kidney damage
- Loop Diuretics (e.g., Furosemide): May enhance nephrotoxicity
- Probenecid: Can slow the elimination of cefepime, increasing its effects
- Anticoagulants (e.g., Warfarin): May increase bleeding risk

Storage & Handling

- Store below 25°C in a cool, dry place
- Protect from direct sunlight and moisture
- Use immediately after reconstitution or as per storage guidelines

Final Thoughts

Cefepime (1000mg) + Tazobactam (125mg)
Injection is a **potent**, **broad-spectrum antibiotic**used for serious bacterial infections. Its **combination therapy** provides enhanced coverage
against resistant bacteria, making it an essential
choice for **hospital-acquired and complicated infections**. However, due to potential **renal**, **hepatic**, **and allergic risks**, its use requires **careful medical supervision** and **dose adjustments when necessary**.

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